1 Honorable Ricardo S. Martinez 2 3 4 5 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 8 9 MICHAEL HIGHT and MICHAEL Case No. 2:09-cv-00887-RSM AUGUSTINE, on behalf of themselves and 10 all others similarly situated, 11 Plaintiffs. JOINT MOTION TO STAY 12 PROCEEDINGS PENDING DECISION BY THE JUDICIAL PANEL ON VS. 13 **MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION** IKO MANUFACTURING, INC., a Delaware 14 Corporation, IKO INDUSTRIES, LTD., a Canadian Corporation, IKO SALES, LTD., a 15 Canadian Corporation, IKO PACIFIC, INC., NOTE FOR HEARING: September 22, a Washington Corporation, IKO CHICAGO, 2009 16 INC., an Illinois Corporation, 17 Defendants. 18 19 20 **RELIEF REQUESTED** 21 This Court has entered an order staying the time for IKO Manufacturing Inc., IKO 22 Pacific, Inc. and IKO Chicago, Inc. to answer or otherwise plead until the Judicial Panel on 23 Multidistrict Litigation ("JPML") rules on a pending motion to transfer this case to the JPML. 24 [Dkt. # 12]. By this motion, Plaintiffs Michael Hight and Michael Augustine (collectively, 25 "Plaintiffs") and Defendants IKO Manufacturing, Inc., IKO Pacific, Inc. and IKO Chicago, Inc. 26 27

1	(collectively, the "Moving Defendants," and together with Plaintiffs, the "Moving Parties"),		
2	jointly move this Court to stay all proceedings in this action pending a decision by the JPML of		
3	the Moving Defendants' pending motion to transfer this and three other putative class actions		
4	for coordinated or consolidated pretrial proceedings pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1407 ("MDL		
5	Motion").		
6 7	FACTS		
8	1. This case is one of four putative class actions currently pending in four federal		
9	district courts in New York, Illinois, New Jersey, and Washington:		
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11	A. Czuba v. IKO Manufacturing, Inc., Case No. 1:09-cv-00409-WMS (Western District of New York)		
12	B. McNeil v. IKO Manufacturing, Inc., Case No. 1:09-cv-04443		
13	(Northern District of Illinois)		
14	C. Zanetti v. IKO Manufacturing, Inc., Case No. 2:09-cv-02017-DRD-MA (District of New Jersey)		
15 16	D. Hight v. IKO Manufacturing, Inc., Case No. 2:09-cv-00887-RSM (Western District of Washington)		
17	2. The plaintiffs in these actions allege that roofing shingles manufactured by the		
18	Moving Defendants and installed on homes purchased by the plaintiffs failed prematurely.		
19	Collectively, these four actions are referred to as the "IKO Roofing Shingle Actions."		
20	3. On August 6, 2009, the Moving Defendants submitted for filing with the JPML		
21	their MDL Motion seeking to transfer the IKO Roofing Shingle Actions for coordinated or		
22	consolidated pretrial proceedings. On August 27, 2009, Plaintiffs responded to the MDL		
23	Motion, and joined in the request for transfer of the IKO Roofing Shingle Actions. The Movi		
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25	Parties therefore agree that the IKO Roofing Shingle Actions should be transferred.		
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- 4. The parties agree that this Court should temporarily stay proceedings pending a decision on the motion to transfer ("MDL Motion") of Defendants IKO Manufacturing Inc., IKO Pacific Inc., and IKO Chicago Inc. (collectively, the "Moving Defendants") because a stay will conserve judicial resources and eliminate the risk of inconsistent pretrial rulings. Similar actions are pending in other federal district courts that may be transferred with this action before one federal judge.
- 5. Plaintiffs and the Moving Defendants (collectively referred to as the "Moving Parties") are jointly seeking a stay of all of the IKO Roofing Shingle Actions pending the JPML's ruling to help ensure that cases proceed at the same pace to avoid waste, duplication of efforts and conflicting pretrial rulings. The plaintiffs and the Moving Defendants are contemporaneously filing similar motions for a stay in the other three IKO Roofing Shingle Actions.
- 6. The Moving Parties agree that staying this proceeding for a short amount of time will not unfairly prejudice any of the parties to this litigation because it is still in the early stages. A complaint has been filed, but no responsive pleading has been filed and no discovery has been taken. Indeed, this Court has already entered an order staying the time for IKO Manufacturing Inc., IKO Pacific, Inc. and IKO Chicago, Inc. to answer or otherwise plead until the JPML rules on the MDL Motion. [Dkt. # 12].¹
- 7. Staying these proceedings will, among other things, excuse the parties from engaging in preliminary discovery conferences which could prove futile if the case is transferred

JOINT MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS PENDING DECISION BY THE JUDICIAL PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION - 3 CASE NO. 2:09-CV-00887-RSM

¹ The courts in *McNeil* (N.D. Ill.) and *Zanetti* (D.N.J.) have likewise entered orders staying the time for Moving Defendants to answer or otherwise plead until the JPML rules on the MDL Motion.

to the MDL Panel. A stay will also serve as a courtesy to the judges on the JPML because it will allow them a reasonable amount of time to rule on the MDL Motion.

8. The plaintiffs and the Moving Defendants are contemporaneously filing similar motions for a stay in the other three IKO Roofing Shingle Actions.

ISSUE PRESENTED

This Court has entered an order staying the time for IKO Manufacturing Inc., IKO Pacific, Inc. and IKO Chicago, Inc. to answer or otherwise plead in this lawsuit until the JPML rules on the MDL Motion. Should this Court likewise stay all other proceedings until after the JPML enters its ruling?

ARGUMENT AND AUTHORITIES

This Court possesses an inherent power to stay proceedings before it. *Landis v. North Am. Co.*, 299 U.S. 248, 254-55 (1936) ("the power to stay proceedings is incidental to the power inherent in every court to control the disposition of the causes on its docket with economy of time and effort for itself, for counsel and for litigants"). Courts routinely exercise this inherent authority to stay pretrial proceedings during the pendency of a motion to transfer pretrial proceedings pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1407. Indeed, "a stay ensures that there is consistent treatment of numerous lawsuits and that judicial resources are not wasted." *Eggart v. A.L.S. Enters., Inc.*, No. CV-09-0107, 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 51886, at *3 (E.D. Wash. Jun. 2, 2009) (granting a stay pending the JPML's decision to transfer); *see also Gonzalez v. Merck & Co., Inc.*, No. CV-07-3034, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 56326, at *6 (W.D. Wash. Aug. 2, 2007) (finding a stay pending transfer to a MDL will promote judicial economy); David F. Herr, "Multidistrict Litigation Manual: Practicing Before the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation," § 3:15 at 32 (noting that "[d]istrict courts... readily stay[] proceedings pending a Panel decision."). That is

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because interim stays: (1) promote judicial economy; and (2) avoid inconsistent results among district judges in different district courts. *Eggart*, 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 51886, at *3

An interim stay in this case, put into place while the JPML decides the MDL Motion, will serve both goals while allowing the JPML a reasonable opportunity to rule on the MDL Motion. *Id.* (staying the suit pending a decision from the JPML for the sake of consistency and judicial economy); *see also Tench v. Jackson Nat'l Life Ins. Co.*, No. 99 C 5182, 1999 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 18023, at *3-5 (N.D. Ill. Nov. 12, 1999) (staying all pretrial proceedings pending the JPML's transfer decision and noting that such stays are frequently granted to "avoid duplicative efforts and preserve judicial resources"); *Johnson v. AMR Corp.*, No. 95 C 7659, 1996 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 4172, at * 11 (N.D. Ill. Apr. 3, 1996) (concluding that "the best course is to postpone ruling on the present motions. . . and allow the MDL panel to determine whether to make its conditional order final.").²

First, staying proceedings in this action will avoid forcing the parties to engage in duplicative pretrial practice. If numerous courts, including this Court, proceed with pretrial matters in advance of any decision by the JPML, then the efforts of this Court and the other courts (and the litigants in the actions over which the courts preside) might needlessly be repeated, perhaps many times over. Even worse, the efforts of these courts might be negated by any inconsistent decisions of any transferee court.

On the other hand, if this Court stays these proceedings and the JPML grants the MDL Motion and transfers all of the IKO Roofing Shingle Actions before a single judge in a single district court, the transferee court will be able to develop a common sense pretrial program that

² Copies of the unpublished decisions are attached as Exhibit A.

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will ensure that the parties do not engage in duplicative work and will "conserve the resources
of the parties, their counsel and the judiciary." In re Musha Cay Litig., 330 F. Supp. 2d 1364,
1365 (J.P.M.L. 2004); see also In re FedEx Ground Package Sys., Inc., Employment Practices
Litig. (No. II), 381 F. Supp. 2d 1380, 1381-82 (J.P.M.L. 2005) (noting that the transferee court
has the ability to "structure pretrial proceedings to consider all parties' legitimate discovery
needs while ensuring that common parties and witnesses are not subjected to discovery demands
that duplicate activity that will occur or has already occurred in other actions."); In re M3Power
Razor Sys. Mktg. & Sales Practices Litig., 398 F. Supp. 2d 1363, 1364-65 (J.P.M.L. 2005)
(same); In re IDT Corp. Calling Card Terms Litig., 278 F. Supp. 2d 1381, 1381-82 (J.P.M.L.
2003) (same).

Indeed, upon transfer, the plaintiffs in all of the actions will likely file a single consolidated complaint. *See* 8 Moore's Federal Practice, § 42.13[5][a] at 42-30.1 (noting advantages of consolidated complaints as a management tool for complex litigation). Such a consolidated complaint could allow the Moving Defendants and any other defendant to answer or move for dismissal, once rather than four times (or more).

Second, staying the proceedings in this action and ultimately coordinating this action with the other IKO Roofing Shingle Actions before a single federal judge will allow the judge to consider any common legal and factual pretrial issues together. See WorldCom, 244 F. Supp. 2d at 905-06. This approach would eliminate the risk that inconsistent decisions would be reached simultaneously by different federal district judges deciding common issues involving the same parties and the same putative classes. See 28 U.S.C. § 1407(a); In re Air Crash Near Kirksville, Mo., 383 F. Supp. 2d 1382, 1383 (J.P.M.L 2005) (noting that consolidation will "prevent inconsistent pretrial rulings").

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Third, the entry of an interim stay will serve as a courtesy to the members of the JPML, who in addition to serving on the JPML are members of the federal circuit and district court benches. 28 U.S.C. § 1407(d). These judges presumably have dozens of cases under their regular docket over which they preside that also require their attention. Staying this proceeding for a short of amount of time will allow the JPML judges a reasonable amount of time to rule on the MDL Motion.

Finally, the parties agree that an interim stay will not unfairly prejudice any of them. The litigation is still in the early stages as only a complaint has been filed. No responsive pleading has been filed and no discovery has been taken. If the MDL Motion is granted, and this case is transferred with the other actions, then the parties will have an opportunity to raise pretrial matters with the transferee court at the appropriate time. See, e.g., Eggart, 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 51886, at *2. Under these circumstances, no party to this litigation faces unfair prejudice from the requested stay.

CONCLUSION

A temporary stay of these proceedings while the JPML decides the Moving Defendants' MDL Motion is appropriate. It will help avoid duplicative pretrial motion practice and discovery, and will minimize the risk of there being inconsistent decisions in the multiple IKO Roofing Shingle Actions. In addition, none of the parties will be prejudiced by a temporary stay. Accordingly, the Court should stay all pretrial proceedings in this case pending the JPML's decision on the MDL Motion.

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1	Dated: September 22, 2009	Jointly and respectfully submitted,
2	MICHAEL HIGHT and MICHAEL AUGUSTINE,	IKO MANUFACTURING INC., IKO PACIFIC INC., and
3	marchine in destination	IKO CHICAGO INC.,
4	/s/ Kim D. Stephens	/s/ Jack M. Lovejoy
5	Kim D. Stephens, WSBA No. 11984	Jack M. Lovejoy, WSBA No. 36962
6	TOUSLEY BRAIN STEPHENS PLLC 1700 Seventh Avenue, Suite 2200	CABLE LANGENBACH KINERK & BAUER LLP
7	Seattle, Washington 98101	Suite 3500, 1000 Second Avenue Building
8	Tel: 206-682-5600 Fax: 206-682-2992	Seattle, Washington 98104-1048 (206) 292-8800 phone
9	kstephens@tousley.com	(206) 292-0494 facsimile jlovejoy@cablelang.com
10	Charles J. LaDuca Brendan S. Thompson	
11	CUNEO GILBERT & LADUCA, LLP	
12	507 C. Street NE Washington, DC 20002	
13	Tel: 202-789-3960	
	Fax: 202-789-1813	
14	Clayton D. Halunen	
15	Shawn J. Wanta HALUNEN & ASSOCIATES	
16	1650 IDS Center 80 South Eighth Street	
17	Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402	
18	Tel: 612-605-4098 Fax: 612-605-4099	
19		
20	Robert J. Shelquist LOCKRIDGE, GRINDAL & NAUEN, P.L.L.P.	
21	100 Washington Avenue South, Suite 2200 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401	
22	Tel: 612-339-6900	
23	Fax: 612-339-0981	
24		
25		
26		
27		

İ	
1	Charles Schaffer
2	Arnold Levin Levin, Fishbein & Berman
3	510 Walnut Street – Suite 500
4	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19106 Tel: 215-592-1500
5	Fax: 215-592-4663
6	Michael A. McShane AUDET & PARTNERS, LLP
7	221 Main Street, Suite 1460
8	San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: 415-568-2555
9	Fax: 415-576-1776
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
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3	I hereby certify that on September 22, 2009, I served a copy of the foregoing document
4	to all counsel of record via the ECF/CM document filing system.
5	to an eodiser of record via the Ber/eivi document filing system.
6	
7	/s/ Jack M. Lovejoy
8	Jack M. Lovejoy, WSBA No. 36962 Attorney for Defendants IKO MANUFACTURING INC.,
9	IKO PACIFIC INC., IKO CHICAGO INC. CABLE, LANGENBACH, KINERK & BAUER, LLP
10	Suite 3500, 1000 Second Avenue Building
11	Seattle, Washington 98104-1048 (206) 292-8800 phone
12	(206) 292-0494 facsimile jlovejoy@cablelang.com
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